

FACT SHEET: Health Care in Maine
What the Affordable Care Act is doing for Maine families

The Affordable Care Act has already covered nearly one in three uninsured Americans – more than sixteen million – and improved coverage for virtually everyone with health coverage. Americans can no longer be denied coverage because of preexisting conditions, women can't be charged more just for being women, and there are no more annual caps on the care patients receive. Hospitals, doctors and other providers are changing the way they operate to deliver better care at lower cost. Hospitals, doctors and other providers are changing the way they operate to deliver better care at lower cost. In the years to come, the ability to buy portable and affordable plans on a competitive marketplace will allow countless Americans to move, start businesses, and dream big American dreams – without worrying if an illness will bankrupt them. Here is how the Affordable Care Act is working for families in Maine:

After Health Reform: Improved Access to Care

- Gallup recently estimated that the uninsured rate in Maine in 2014 was 11.6 percent, down from 16.1 percent in 2013.
- Prohibits coverage denials and reduced benefits, protecting as many as 590,266 Mainers who have some type of pre-existing health condition, including 64,528 children.
- Eliminates lifetime and annual limits on insurance coverage and establishes annual limits on out-of-pocket spending on essential health benefits, benefiting 431,000 people in Maine, including 172,000 women and 103,000 children.
- Expands Medicaid to all non-eligible adults with incomes under 133% of the federal poverty level. If Maine expands Medicaid, an additional 40,000 uninsured people would gain coverage.
- Establishes a system of state and federal health insurance exchanges, or marketplaces, to make it easier for individuals and small-business employees to purchase health plans at affordable prices through which 68,037 people in Maine were covered in March 2015.
- Created a temporary high-risk pool program to cover uninsured people with pre-existing conditions prior to 2014 reforms which helped more than 66 people in Maine.

- Creates health plan disclosure requirements and simple, standardized summaries so 674,200 people in Maine can better understand coverage information and compare benefits.

After Health Reform: More Affordable Care

- Creates a tax credit to help 60,939 people in Maine who otherwise cannot afford it purchase health coverage through health insurance marketplaces.
- Requires health insurers to provide consumers with rebates if the amount they spend on health benefits and quality of care, as opposed to advertising and marketing, is too low. Last year, 19,542 consumers in Maine received \$1,845,006 in rebates.
- Eliminates out-of-pocket costs for preventive services like immunizations, certain cancer screenings, contraception, reproductive counseling, obesity screening, and behavioral assessments for children. This coverage is guaranteed for more than 588,281 people in Maine including 251,322 women.
- Eliminates out-of-pocket costs for 214,561 Medicare beneficiaries in Maine for preventive services like cancer screenings, bone-mass measurements, annual physicals, and smoking cessation.
- Phases out the “donut hole” coverage gap for 17,348 Medicare prescription drug beneficiaries in Maine, who have saved an average of \$867 per beneficiary.
- Creates Accountable Care Organizations consisting of doctors and other health-care providers who share in savings from keeping patients well while improving quality, helping 74,851 Medicare beneficiaries in Maine.
- Phases out overpayments through the Medicare Advantage system, while requiring Medicare Advantage plans to spend at least 85 percent of Medicare revenue on patient care. Medicare Advantage enrollment has grown by 42,258 to 67,803 in Maine since 2009.

After Health Reform: Improved Quality and Accountability to You

- Provides incentives to hospitals in Medicare to reduce hospital-acquired infections and avoidable readmissions. Creates a collaborative health-safety learning network, the Partnership for Patients, that includes 6 hospitals in Maine to promote best quality practices.

We're not done. Other legislation and executive actions are continuing to advance the cause of effective, accountable and affordable health care. This includes:

- Incentive payments for doctors, hospitals, and other providers to adopt and use certified electronic health records (EHR). In Maine more than 45.2 percent of hospitals and 45.5 percent of providers have electronic health records systems.
- A new funding pool for Community Health Centers to build, expand and operate health-care facilities in underserved communities. Health Center grantees in Maine now serve 182,546 patients and received \$66,454,348 under the health care law to offer a broader array of primary care services, extend their hours of operations, hire more providers, and renovate or build new clinical spaces.
- Health provider training opportunities, with an emphasis on primary care, including a significant expansion of the National Health Service Corps. As of September 30, 2014, there were 47 Corps clinicians providing primary care services in Maine, compared to 34 clinicians in 2008.

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